

Nursing 18 – Fundamentals of Nursing
Course Syllabus: Fall 2014 –Spring 2015

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Credit – Hours: 7 credits, 13 hours.	
Pre-requisites:	PSY 11; BIO 11; SCI 25; ENG 12 or ENG 22/24 if exempted from ENG 12
Co-requisites:	NUR 17; BIO 12

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Beginning level clinical nursing students are introduced to basic nursing knowledge and skills including dependent, independent and interdependent functions of the nurse. This course is designed to introduce the beginning student to the following concepts: Quality and Safety for Nurses (QSEN) Initiative incorporating patient centered care, teamwork and collaboration, evidenced based practice, safety, quality improvement and informatics; the nursing process; and the Categories of Patient Needs.

Classroom instruction and laboratory sessions, at the college and in selected health agencies, are held weekly throughout the semester. During the college laboratory, concepts and principles discussed in previous classes are used as the basis for performing therapeutic nursing interventions. The health agency experiences are utilized to extend learning. Each clinical experience is preceded and followed by a conference where the expected student learning outcomes are discussed and evaluated. Individual and group assignments are utilized for laboratory experiences. Class work for the typical week consists of: classroom instruction – four (4) hours, college laboratory – two (2) hours and health agency experiences – seven (7) hours. It is mandatory for students to engage in additional practice for the development of skills. Provisions are available for additional time in the college laboratory for practice.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (SLOs)

The following course SLOs apply when caring for the older adult patient and family experiencing both chronic and acute long-term health alterations. The course SLOs will be achieved by the end of the semester.

Course SLOs
1. Provides at a fundamental level safe, caring, patient-centered, evidence-based nursing care to diverse older adults with stable, chronic and acute health alterations.
2. Identifies critical reasoning strategies.
3. Discusses teamwork and collaboration with members of the interprofessional team.
4. Describes informatics principles, techniques, and systems when providing nursing care.
5. Recognizes leadership/management in a variety of healthcare settings for the purpose of providing and improving patient care.
6. Identifies professional, ethical, and legal principles relevant to the practice of a registered nurse.

ASSESSMENT MEASURES for COURSE SLOs

Students will perform satisfactorily in the classroom, laboratory/simulation and clinical setting as evidenced by achieving 75% or greater on written exams, completion/submission of various course specific written assignments, and demonstration of satisfactory performance on course specific clinical competency and evaluation tools.

ASSESSMENT TECHNOLOGY INSTITUTE (ATI) TESTING

Active participation in ATI assignments and testing is a requirement of this course and will account for 10% of the course grade. Failure to take the proctored exam as scheduled will result in a grade of incomplete and will prevent progression in the program

ATTENDANCE

Complete participation in class is possible only when students are able to focus attention on the class, therefore entering class after it has begun is disrespectful to Faculty and classmates. Talking out of turn or exhibiting other disruptive behaviors is not tolerated and students will be asked to leave the classroom or lab.

All electronic devices that generate sound must be turned off when any member of the academic community enters a classroom. Cellular devices are allowed to be on in the classroom only if the owner is using the caller ID, voice messages or a vibrating battery. **NO TEXTING IS ALLOWED AT ANY TIME DURING CLASS AND/OR LABS.** Members of the academic community must exit the classroom to make or receive calls.

A student is deemed excessively absent in any course when he or she has been absent 15% of the number of contact hours a class meets during a semester. When a student is excessively absent, a grade of "W" or "WU" will be assigned as described in the college catalogue. Attendance at pre and post conference for laboratory experience is required. Absence from either pre or post conference constitutes an absence for the day's experience.

STUDENT WITH DISABILITIES

Access-Ability Services (AAS) serves as a liaison and resource to the KCC community regarding disability issues, promotes equal access to all KCC programs and activities, and makes every reasonable effort to provide appropriate accommodations and assistance to students with disabilities. Your instructor will make the accommodations you need once you provide documentation from the Access-Ability Office (D-205). Please contact AAS for assistance.

EVALUATION

Final letter grades for all nursing courses will be calculated according to college and departmental policy as follows:

A+	97 – 100	B+	87 – 89	C+	78 – 79	D+	66 – 69
A	93 – 96	B	83 – 86	C	75 – 77	D	60 – 65
A-	90 – 92	B-	80 – 82	C-	70 – 74	F	< 60

W Withdrew without penalty

WU Unofficial withdrawal (counts as a failure)

INC Term's work is incomplete. Counts as an F grade

Nursing 18 –final numeric grades will be calculated as follows:

Lecture examinations average (3 exams)	60%
Final examination	30%
ATI	10%
Clinical competency	Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
Written Assignments	Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
Well Elder Case Study	Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
Unfolding Nursing Care Plan	Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
Wound Care Assessment	Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory

Students are expected to take all tests when scheduled. Exceptions to this rule will be for emergency situations and the faculty must know in advance. Students who do not take a test on the scheduled date are required to take a makeup test. All makeup tests may be given at the end of the semester. Students who fail to take the scheduled exams or makeup exams will receive a grade of zero for that test.

All written assignments must comply with college standards for written work. Written assignments are to be turned in during the class period on the date that they are due. All assignments must be handed in by the end of the course to complete the requirements of the course. A late assignment will meet the requirements of the course but will not receive full credit. If written assignments are not submitted by the end of the course, the student will receive a grade of "INC" for the course. Students must submit all assignments prior to the beginning of the next semester in order to progress in the program.

Clinical agency performance will be evaluated as Satisfactory (S) or Unsatisfactory (U). Performance that has been designated as "U" at the end of the course will result in failure of the course. A minimum average grade of "75%" is required on all clinical assignments to achieve a satisfactory clinical grade.

A conference with the instructor is required at mid-semester, and at the end of the course, at which time the student's progress in the course will be discussed. In addition, students may initiate conferences with the instructor at other times.

RETENTION CRITERIA

Criteria for retention in the Nursing Program mandates that students:

1. Receive no grades below a "C" in any of the co-requisite courses.
2. Earn a minimum a "C" grade in every required Nursing course with a clinical component.
3. Students who fail a clinical nursing course achieving a grade of not less than "C-" may apply to repeat the course one time only in the semester immediately following the failure. Repeating the course is subject to space availability. The minimum grade for Clinical courses that are repeated is a "B."
4. Students must submit an "Intent to Return to Nursing Courses Form" outlining what they thought caused them to be unsuccessful and include a plan for success that demonstrates significant changes in how they will approach the course when repeated.

Teaching Strategies	
Lecture – Discussion	Multimedia
Demonstration/Return Demonstration	Computer Assisted Instruction/ATI
Role Playing	Pre and Post Conferences
Group Work	Health Agency Experiences
Case Studies	Student Response Systems
Unfolding Nursing Care Plan	

REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS FOR NURSING 18

Taylor C., Lillis C., Lynn P., LeMone P. (2015). Fundamentals of Nursing, 8th edition, Wolters-Kluwer

REQUIRED RESOURCES:

Assessment Technology Institute (ATI)

PROVIDED REFERENCES:

Nursing Central by Unbound Medicine

- Davis Drug Guide
- Diseases and Disorders
- Taber's Medical Dictionary
- Davis Lab and Diagnostics Guide

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS FOR NURSING 18:

- Carpenito, L. (2012). Handbook of Nursing Diagnosis, 14th edition Lippincott
- Dudek, S.G. (2014). Nutrition Handbook for Nursing Practice, 7th edition Lippincott
- Frandsen G., Pennington S. (2014). Abrams Clinical Drug Therapy, 10th edition Lippincott
- Gulanik, M., Myers J.L. (2013). Nursing Care Plans: Diagnoses, Interventions, and Outcomes, 8th edition
- LeFevreKee J. (2014). Laboratory and Diagnostic Tests with Nursing Implications 9th edition Prentice Hall
- Thomas, C.L. editor (2013). TabersCyclopedic Medical Dictionary, 22nd edition. F.A. Davis
- Vallerand, A.H., Sanoski C.A. (2012). Davis's Drug Guide for Nurses, 13th edition

All students are expected to have read and to adhere to the policies pertaining to the following, as outlined in the department's Nursing Student Handbook:

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Attendance• Malpractice insurance, health clearance, and CPR training• Evaluation and grading• Clinical competencies• College laboratory practice requirements• Clinical Agency experience requirements | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Netiquette• Specific dress requirements for each clinical course• Drug calculation policy• Mandatory skills review• Criteria for retention in the nursing program• Civility• Integrity |
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TOPICAL OUTLINE

Each unit incorporates the Categories of Patient Needs: Safe and Effective Care Environment (Management of Care, Safety and Infection Control), Health Promotion and Maintenance, Psychosocial Integrity, Physiological Integrity (Basic Care and Comfort, Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies, Reduction of Risk Potential, Physiological Adaptation.

- Unit 1 – Practice of Nursing: Legal Issues, Values, Ethics and the Role of the Nurse
- Unit 2 – Introduction to Categories of Patient Needs
- Unit 3 – Introduction to the Nursing Process, and Teaching/Learning Process
- Unit 4 – Care of the Patient's Need for Oxygen, Activity, Sensory, Rest, Sleep and Comfort
- Unit 5 – Introduction to Pharmacology
- Unit 6 – Care of the Patient who has Hygiene Needs
- Unit 7 – Care of the Patient who has Complex Skin Needs
- Unit 8 – Care of the Patient who has Nutritional Needs
- Unit 9 – Care of the Patient who has Fecal and Urinary Elimination Needs
- Unit 10 – Care of the Patient who has Fluid and Electrolyte Imbalances

UNIT I

Introduction to course and the practice of nursing: legal issues, values, ethics and the role of the nurse

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The practice of nursing
- The role of evidence in determining best clinical practice.
- Factors that create a culture of safety.
- Continuous quality improvement as an essential part of the daily work of all health professionals.
- The roles of the professional nurse: Caregiver, Case manager, Change agent, Patient advocate, Communicator, Counselor.
- Delegator/Manager/Leader.
- The nurse's role in functioning as a member of the healthcare team.
- Ethical and legal implications of patient-centered care.
- Legal/Liability Issues in nursing practice:
 - Nurse Practice Acts/Scope of Practice
 - Standards of Practice
 - Licensure
 - Liability
 - HIPPA
- The nurse's ethical responsibilities in caring for an older adult patient.

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch 1 pgs 10-22; Ch 2 pgs 23-27; Ch 3; Ch 4; Ch 5 pgs 73-82, 86-90; Ch 6; Ch 7; Ch 9; Ch 14 pgs 314-315; Ch 20; Ch 21; Ch 22 pgs 506-512; 520-527; Ch 24; Ch 25 pgs 624-667, 670-671, 678-685; Ch 41, Ch 42

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

The following mandatory videos will be shown during the first on-campus clinical experience:

- HIPPA
- The Nurse Practice Act

Lab / Simulation Experiences

Identify Principles of Standard precautions, Fire and home safety, practice safe hand washing and demonstrate correct application of Personal Protective Equipment

Unit II

Introduction to Categories of Patient Needs, promoting health in the older adult

Content/Lecture Discussion

- Categories of Patient Needs
- Concepts of holism, holistic nursing and developmental therapies
- The cultural, spiritual, and ethnic variations in the older adult and their impact on health
- Improvement of safety, quality and cost effectiveness of health care improved through the active involvement of patients, families, and other members of the healthcare team
- The concepts of health, wellness, & illness
- The relationship between stress, adaptation levels of wellness, anxiety & coping strategies
- The levels of health care and differentiation between clinical opinion and evidence based practice strategies
- Essential aspects and factors that influence the communication process
- Expected physical, psychosocial, cognitive, and developmental changes of the older adult
- Information and technology skills as essential components of safe patient care

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 2 pgs 23-28,34-36; Ch 6 pgs 73-82, 86-90; Ch 7;Ch 16; Ch 19; Ch 20; Ch 22; Ch 24; Ch 25 pgs 624-667, 669-671, 678-685; Ch 41

Mandatory Videos (to be seen prior to class):

- Communicating with patients from different cultures

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

Assessment of Vital Signs

- Discuss the role of the nurse in assessing vital signs
- Describe factors that affect vital signs and assessment measure of each vital sign
- Identify the normal ranges of each vital sign, and how to measure each vital sign: temperature, pulse, respirations, and blood pressure

Clinical Experiences

On Campus Clinical #1

- Discuss/practice the procedure and documentation skills for performing a comprehensive health assessment for an older adult patient.
 - Discuss the role of the nurse in performing a health assessment and in assessing vital signs
 - Identify the purpose of a health assessment and in assessing vital signs
 - Describe factors that affect findings of a health assessment and vital signs and accurate head – to- toe assessment, assessment measure of each vital sign
 - Identify the normal health assessment findings and normal ranges of each vital sign
 - Explain how to carry out a head – to – toe health assessment, and how to measure each vital sign: temperature, pulse, respirations, and blood pressure
 - Practice a head – to – toe health assessment and measuring of vital signs
- Assume the role of team member or leader based on the situation. Students will identify the risks associated with handoffs among providers and across transitions in care

Communication and Documentation

- Describe principles of therapeutic communication.
- Review documentation systems
- Discuss the EHR and the implications to patient centered care
- Reporting(SBAR)

Unit III

Introduction to the nursing process, and teaching / learning process

Content/Lecture Discussion

- Aims of teaching
- Steps of the teaching-learning process
- Critical Thinking & Nursing Process for teaching the older adult learner
 - Assessment
 - Nursing Diagnosis
 - Planning
 - Implementation
 - Evaluation
- Strategies for identifying and managing overlaps in team member roles and accountabilities
- Strategies for learning about the outcomes of care in the setting in which one is engaged in clinical practice
- Benefits and limitations of different communication technologies and their impact on safety and quality
- Protected health information in electronic health records: essential information that must be available in a common database to support patient care
- Valid and invalid reasons for modifying evidence-based clinical expertise and patient/family preferences
- Teaching /Learning: Domains of Learning
 - Cognitive
 - Affective
 - Psychomotor
- Principles of Learning
 - Motivation and Ability/Compliance with plan of care
 - Teaching Strategies
 - Integrate the Nursing Process and Teaching-Learning Processes

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch 7 pg 127; Chs. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15; Ch 21 pgs. 478-501

Lab/ Simulation Experiences: Refer to Lab Manual

Clinical Experiences:

On Campus Clinical #2 Nursing Process Workshop

Related Written Assignments:

- Unfolding Nursing Care Plan Case Study
- Teaching Plan – Well Elder Case Study
- Nursing Unfolding Care Plan Assignment

UNIT IV

Care of the patient's need for oxygen, activity, sensory, rest, sleep and comfort

Unit IVa – Oxygen and Perfusion

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The anatomy and physiology of the respiratory system
 - Anatomy and Physiology of the respiratory system/cardiorespiratory system
 - Identify factors affecting respiratory system
 - Describe factors affecting oxygenation
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the patient
 - Patient/family preferences as related to best practice with a focus on the older adult
- Applying clinical expertise through physical assessment to the nursing care of patient with varied long-term oxygen related needs
- Patient/family education
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with oxygen related needs utilizing the team approach. Focused Assessment Guide for Oxygen Needs
 - Referral / Community Resources
- Strategies relevant to promoting optimal function for the older adult patient with oxygen related needs
 - Follow older adult patient care access to identify, improve and ensure the quality of care delivered to the long-term oxygen related patient.
 - Use of Nursing Process throughout the delivery of care.
 - Nursing Actions – Independent/Dependent
 - Health Promotion Activities
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient with oxygen related needs
 - Factors that create a culture of safety.
 - Use of Nursing Process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the patient with oxygen related needs.
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with oxygen related needs
 - Access to electronic medical records and other databases.
 - Identify why information and technical skills are essential for safe care of the older adult patient.
 - Documentation

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 38 pgs.1395-1425; Skills pgs.1440-1444 (pulse oximetry)

Case Study: Oxygenation

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

- Physical assessment of patient's oxygen status.
- Introduction to technique of measuring oxygen saturation levels

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs and oxygen saturation and implements an individualized plan of care for a patient with oxygen related needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT IV

Care of the patient's need for oxygen, activity, sensory, rest, sleep and comfort

Unit IVb: Activity and Rest

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the Musculoskeletal System
 - Physiology of movement and alignment
 - Factors affecting movement and alignment
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family to reach successful outcomes for the patient with activity needs
 - Patient Activity History
 - Nursing History
 - Physical and mental health assessment
 - Diagnostic Studies
 - Assistive Devices
 - Medications
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with activity needs utilizing the team approach
 - Referrals
 - Community Resources
- Strategies relevant to outcomes of care for the older adult patient with activity needs
 - Nursing Assessment
 - Patient Education
 - Promoting Safety/Activity
 - Application of body mechanics to prevent injury
 - Ensuring safe patient handling and movement
 - Follow older adult care access to identify, improve and ensure the quality of care delivered to the long-term older adult patient with activity needs.
 - Nursing Actions
 - Independent/Dependent
- Application of critical thinking processes when delivering care to the patient with rest/comfort needs
 - Use of Nursing Process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the long-term older adult patient with activity needs.
 - Factors that create a culture of safety
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with activity needs.
 - Documentation

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 32

Case Study: Activity, Rest, and Sleep

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to Lab Manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

- Use of good body mechanics
- Assisting a patient in and out of bed to various devices and place in varied resting positions.
- Use of therapeutic positioning devices and restraints.
- Assessing normal range of motion. (ROM), active and passive.
- Performing ROM activities.
- Ambulating a patient with/without assistive devices.
- Positioning a patient for skin integrity protection.

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including assessment of activity tolerance and the ability to move purposefully in the environment. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT IV

Care of the patient's need for oxygen, activity, rest, sleep and comfort

Unit IVc – Sensory, Rest and Sleep

Content/Lecture Discussion

- Structure and function of sensory system
 - Physiology of the sensory system: The Sensory Experience
 - Factors affecting the sensory system/Deprivation of
 - Disturbed sensory experiences
 - Common disorders of the eye
 - Common sleep disorders
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the patient experiencing sensory, and sleep/rest disorders
 - Nursing History
 - Physical Assessment
 - Assessment of sensory, rest and sleep needs: Focused assessment guide
 - Teaching about the sensory experiences the older adult can experience
- Strategies for identifying and managing older adult patient with sensory, sleep/rest needs through the unique roles of team members
 - Referrals/Community Resources
- Strategies relevant to outcomes of care for the older adult patient with sensory, rest/sleep needs
 - Nursing Actions
 - Promoting Rest and normal rest/sleep habits
 - Promoting healthy sensory function
 - Maintaining optimal sensory functioning
- Application of critical thinking processes when delivering care to the older adult patient with sensory, rest/sleep needs
 - Use of the nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient with sensory, rest/comfort needs.
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with sensory, rest/sleep needs
 - Documentation

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 33 pgs. 1118-1127; 1129; 1132-1142); Ch. 43

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences: Comfort measures employed to meet sensory needs, and for restful sleep

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including assessment of patient's sensory system function and sleep patterns and implements an individualized plan for an assigned patient. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT IV

Care of the patient's need for oxygen, activity, sensory, rest, sleep and comfort

Unit IVd– Pain and Comfort management

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the neurological system
 - The pain experience
 - The pain process
 - Factors Affecting the pain experience
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the patient with pain
 - Nursing history
 - Components of a pain assessment
 - Assessment of special population needs: the older adult
 - Diagnostic studies
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with pain related needs utilizing the team approach
 - Referrals
 - Community Resources
- Strategies relevant to outcomes of care for the older adult patient with pain related needs
 - Nursing Actions
 - Managing pain relief
 - Establishing a trusting nurse-patient relationship
 - Promoting healthy neurological function
- Application of critical thinking processes when delivering care to the older adult patient with pain management needs
 - Utilization of the nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient with pain management needs.
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with pain management needs
 - Documentation

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 34

Case Study: Sensory/Pain

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

Assessment of patient in pain and various non-pharmacological comfort measures that can be employed to relieve patient pain

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs and pain assessment and implements an individualized plan of care for the patient with comfort related needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT V
Medications

Content/Lecture Discussion

- Introduction to the principles of Medication administration
 - Knowledgeable and ethical administration of medications in a caring and dignified manner
 - Involving older adult patient/family members in the safe delivery of medications
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient with pharmacologic needs
- Drug legislation regarding safe and knowledgeable medication administration
 - Federal and State
 - Safe, accountable preparation and administration of prescribed medications.
 - Ensuring correct process of administration of medications
 - Medication Reconciliation
- Medication prescriptions and dispensing systems
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient's pharmacologic needs utilizing the team approach
 - Research of medications to be administered to older adult patients
 - Follow older adult response to the administered medications
 - Older adult patient and family education regarding medications prescribed
- Strategies relevant to outcomes of care for the older adult patient with pharmacologic needs
- Application of critical thinking processes when delivering care to the older adult patient with pain management needs
 - Use of Nursing Process throughout the steps of safe administration of medications with a focus on the older adult
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with pharmacologic needs
 - Documentation of medications administered
 - Use of electronic medical records/MAR for verification of medication administration

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 28 pgs. 750-801) Skills pgs. 802-840

Case Study: Medications

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

- Observe and practice the safe preparation and administration of both non-parenteral and parenteral medications
- Follow-up MD orders for administration of medications
- SBGM technique

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and implements an individualized plan of care for an assigned patient. Prepares and administers oral and parenteral medications in the clinical setting following the physician's order. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT VI

Care of the patient who has hygiene needs

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the Integumentary system:
 - Principles of medical & surgical asepsis
 - Risks for nosocomial infection
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient who has hygienic needs:
 - Factors that influence personal hygiene in the older adult patient
 - Procedures of hygienic care in the older adult patient
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with hygienic needs utilizing a team approach:
 - Coordination of care in meeting the hygienic needs of the older adult patient
 - Team functioning on safety & quality of care when meeting the older adult patient's hygiene needs
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient who has hygiene-related needs:
 - Provision of hygienic care with sensitivity and respect specific to the older adult patient
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient with hygiene related needs:
 - Use of the Nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient with hygiene needs
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with hygienic needs:
 - Communication & documentation of care rendered via electronic medical records

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch 23, 30

Case Study: Hygiene

AV presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Mandatory Videos: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

Hygiene

- Apply the nursing process and demonstrate how to safely meet the hygienic needs of the patient
- Bed making
 - Demonstrate bed making: occupied and unoccupied

Clinical Experiences

Complete a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and implements an individualized plan of care for the patient with hygiene needs. Implement the principles of medical asepsis when meeting the hygienic needs of the patient. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT VII

Care of the patient who has complex skin needs

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the Integumentary system:
 - Principles of medical & surgical asepsis
 - Risks for developing pressure ulcers
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient who has complex skin needs:
 - Factors that influence the development of pressure ulcers in the older adult patient
 - Management of pressure ulcers in the older adult patient
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient who has complex skin needs utilizing a team approach:
 - Coordination of care in managing complex skin needs of the older adult patient
 - Team functioning on safety & quality of care when meeting the older adult patient's complex skin needs
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient who has complex skin needs:
 - Provision of wound care with sensitivity and respect specific to the older adult patient
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient who has complex skin needs:
 - Use of the Nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient who has complex skin needs
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient who has complex needs:
 - Communication & documentation of care rendered via electronic medical records

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch 31

Case Study: Wound Care

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Mandatory Videos: Sterile Dressing Change

Lab/ Simulation Experiences

Wound Care

- Discuss the role of the nurse in meeting the complex skin needs of the patient
- Identify factors that influence complex skin needs
- Apply the nursing process when caring for the patient who has complex skin needs
- Demonstrate how to safely meet the complex skin needs of the patient

Clinical Experiences

Complete a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and carrying out an individualized plan of care for the patient with complex skin needs. Implement the principles of medical & surgical asepsis when meeting the complex skin needs of the patient. Provide patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT VIII

Care of the patient who has nutritional needs

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the Gastrointestinal system
 - Physiology of the Gastrointestinal System
 - Alterations in gastrointestinal function
- Strategies to involve the patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient with nutritional needs
 - Factors that affect nutrition
 - Identification of standards of a healthy diet
 - Governmental agencies and standards
 - Essential components and purposes of nutritional screening/assessment
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with nutritional problems using a team approach
 - Coordination of care in managing the older adult patient who has nutritional needs
 - Patient teaching to optimize the health of the older adult patient who has nutritional needs
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient who has nutritional needs
 - Development of plan of care to meet the patient's who has nutritional needs
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient with nutritional needs
 - Use of the Nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient with nutritional needs
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with nutrition needs
 - Access to electronic medical and other databases
 - Identification of information and technical skills essential for care of the older adult patient with nutritional needs

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 35

Case Study: Nutrition

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Mandatory Videos: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences:

- Discuss the role of the nurse in meeting the nutritional needs of the older adult patient
- Apply the nursing process when providing nursing care to the older adult patient who has nutritional needs
- Discuss and demonstrate enteral feedings, correct procedure for passing a nasogastric tube (NG), preparation for a tube feeding, correct method for placement /maintenance of patency of NG and interpretation of medical/lab orders pertaining to nutrition
- Discuss and demonstrate administration of medications via PEG/NG

Clinical experiences:

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and focused assessment pertaining to nutritional needs including physical assessment, lab data analysis and implements an individualized plan of care for the patient with nutritional needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT IX

Assessment and management of the patient who has fecal and urinary elimination needs

Unit IXa – Care of the patient who has fecal elimination needs

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the gastrointestinal system
 - Overview of the anatomy and physiology of the GI tract
- Strategies to involve the older adult patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient with fecal elimination needs
 - Identify factors that affect fecal problems
 - Discussion of methods used to assess the intestinal tract
 - Patient/family preferences as related to best practice
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with alterations in fecal elimination utilizing a team approach
 - Coordination of care in meeting the fecal elimination needs of the older adult patient
 - Interdisciplinary approach on safety and quality of care when meeting the older patient's fecal elimination needs
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient with fecal elimination related needs
 - Provision of care related to elimination
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient with fecal elimination related needs
 - Use of the Nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the patient with fecal elimination related needs.
- Utilization of technology in the adult patient with elimination needs
 - Communication and documentation of care rendered via the electronic medical records

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 37 pgs. 1343 – 1371; 1375 – 1381
Review Bio 11 & 12 notes & software

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Mandatory Videos: Bowel Elimination

Lab/ Simulation Experiences:

- Observation and return demonstration of administering an enema
- Discuss therapeutic purposes of enemas
- Discuss documentation
- Discuss interpretation and significance of diagnostic tests and lab data
- Demonstrate correct patient positioning and use of equipment

Clinical Experiences:

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and focused assessment pertaining to fecal elimination, and implementation of an individualized plan of care for the patient with fecal elimination needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT IX

Assessment and management of the patient who has fecal and urinary elimination needs

Unit IXb – Care of the patient who has urinary elimination needs

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of the Urinary system
 - Overview of the anatomy and physiology of the urinary system
 - Alterations in urinary elimination
- Strategies to involve the patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the patient with alterations in urinary elimination patterns
 - Factors that influence urination
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the patient with alterations in urinary elimination utilizing a team approach
 - Coordination of care in meeting the urinary elimination needs of the older adult patient.
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient with urinary elimination related needs
 - Discussion of CAUTI (catheter associated urinary tract infection) initiative
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the older adult patient with urinary elimination related needs
 - Use of the Nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the patient with urinary elimination related needs.
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with urinary elimination needs
 - Communication and documentation of care rendered via the electronic medical records.

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 36 pgs. 1264 – 1295; 1299 – 1331
Review Bio 11 & 12 notes & software

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Mandatory Videos: Indwelling and Intermittent Catheterization

Lab/ Simulation Experiences:

- Observation and return demonstration of using straight, double lumen, triple lumen and Texas catheters, clean catch sets, urinary drainage bags, continuous bladder irrigation set, urinometer and spectrometer.
- Practice performing straight/retention catheterization
- Discuss documentation
- Discuss interpretation and significance of diagnostic tests and lab data
- Demonstrate correct patient positioning and use of equipment

Clinical Experiences:

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and focused assessment pertaining to urinary elimination including lab data analysis, and implements an individualized plan of care for the patient with urinary elimination needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.

UNIT X

Care of the patient who has fluid and electrolyte imbalance

Content/Lecture Discussion

- The structure and function of fluids and electrolytes in the body
 - Types of fluids and electrolytes
 - Movement and regulation of fluids and electrolytes
 - Types of fluid and electrolyte imbalances
 - Factors that affect fluid and electrolyte balance
- Strategies to involve the patient and family in reaching successful outcomes for the older adult patient with a fluid or electrolyte imbalance
 - Coordination of care in meeting the fluid and electrolyte needs of the older adult patient
- Strategies for identifying and managing care of the older adult patient with a fluid or electrolyte imbalance utilizing a team approach
 - Teamwork focusing on safety and quality of care when meeting the fluid and electrolyte needs of the older adult patient
- Strategies relevant to the outcomes of care for the older adult patient with a fluid or electrolyte imbalance
 - Fluid restriction / hydration
 1. Medications
 2. Intravenous Therapy
 3. Intake and Output
- Application of critical thinking processes when practicing safely in the delivery of care to the geriatric patient with a fluid or electrolyte imbalance
 - Use of the nursing process throughout the mutually designed plan of care for the older adult patient with a fluid and electrolyte imbalance
- Utilization of technology in the care of the older adult patient with a fluid or electrolyte imbalance:
 - Communication and documentation of care rendered via electronic medical records.

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading: Taylor: Ch. 39 pgs. 1470 – 1483; 1484 – 1490; 1491; 1493 –1502; 1505 – 1513; 1516 – 1519; 1528 – 1534

A/V presentations and CAI: Refer to lab manual

Lab/ Simulation Experiences:

- Interpret medical orders pertaining to intravenous therapy
- Prime primary and secondary IV lines
- Calculate IV drip rates
- Document on the intake and output record

Mandatory Videos: Refer to lab manual

Clinical Experiences

Completes a health assessment, including measurement of vital signs, pain assessment and focused assessment pertaining to fluid and electrolyte balance including lab data analysis, and implementation of an individualized plan of care for the patient with fluid and electrolyte needs. Provides patient-centered care based on evidence with sensitivity, respect and awareness for the safety of the individual. Identifies the role of the nurse as member of the healthcare team, communicating the patient's needs using standard communication such as SBAR and the EHR.